

EFFECTS OF CATALOGUING AND CLASSIFICATION SCHEMES ON THE ORGANIZATION OF KNOWLEDGE IN MEDICAL LIBRARIES

ADEOYE, MOSES OLADELE¹, ABIMBOLA MARGARET OLUSOLA², OLADAPO YEMISI OLUREMI³ &
ADEGUN, ADEWOLE ISAU⁴

^{1,3}Lautech Medical Library, Osogbo, Osun State, Nigeria

²Samuel Adegboyega University, Library Ogwa, Edo State

⁴Olusegun Oke Library, Lautech, Ogbomoso, Oyo State

ABSTRACT

Medical Information resources are useless when access is not provided. This fundamental function is within the concept of cataloguing and classification. Thus, cataloguing and classification is an essential process that provides access to all acquired information resources of the medical libraries for it allows librarians to give details bibliographic description, subject analysis and assignment of classification notation to medical information resources. This paper focuses on the effects of the major three bibliographic and information retrieval tools and techniques used for medical information organization.

These Tools Are: Library of Congress classification scheme (NLC), National Library of Medicine classification scheme (NLMC) and Dewey decimal classification scheme (DDC).

KEYWORDS: Cataloguing, Classification Medicine, Schemes, Organization, Knowledge, Medical Libraries