

EFFECT OF SEMI-SOLID PROCESS ON MICROSTRUCTURE AND MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF MEDIUM CARBON STEEL PRODUCED BY CONTINUOUS CASTING

NADER H. EL-BAGOURY^{1,2}, ADEL A. OMAR^{3,4} & ALI A. EL-MASRY^{3,5}

¹Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, TAIF University, El-Haweyah, El-Taif, Saudi Arabia

²Casting Technology Lab, Manufacturing Technology Department, CMRDI, Helwan, Cairo, Egypt

³Mechanical Engineering Department, Faculty of Engineering, TAIF University, El-Haweyah, El-Taif, Saudi Arabia

⁴Mechanical Engineering Department, Faculty of Engineering, Benha University, Benha , Egypt

⁵Production Engineering and Mechanical Design Engineering Department, Faculty of Engineering, Menofia University, Shebin El-Kom, Egypt

ABSTRACT

The effect of semi-solid process on the microstructure and mechanical properties of medium carbon steel (0.6% C) produced by continuous casting route was investigated. Both the microstructure and mechanical properties have been affected by semi solid process. The microstructure tends to consist mainly of martensite at the bottom of the casting. The volume fraction of martensite at the bottom of the semi solid casting is higher than that for the continuous casting. Carbides start to appear in the microstructure at the grain boundaries at higher levels of the vertical axis in both semi solid and continuous casting molds.

Hardness measurements for semi solid casting are higher than those for continuous casting especially at the bottom. Away from the bottom of two ingots, hardness gradually decreases to reach almost the same values at the top. Impact energy for semi solid casting is lower than that for the continuous casting.

KEYWORDS: Medium Carbon Steel, Semi-Solid, Continuous Casting, Microstructure, Mechanical Properties