

POLICIES OF CONVENTIONAL AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY FOR SUSTAINABILITY IN LIBYA

KHALIL I. AL-SAMARRAI, SALEH A. SADEG & ABDULLAH SASSI

Faculty of Engineering, Department of Geological Engineering, University of Tripoli, Tripoli, Libya

ABSTRACT

Energy is defined as the primary and most universal measure of all kinds of work by nature and human beings. Today, every country draws its energy needs from a variety of sources. We can categorize these sources as primary and secondary, commercial and non commercial, renewable and non-renewable, conventional and non-conventional.

This work concentrates on the use of conventional and non-conventional type of energy and their impact on society in Libya. The policies used in investing energy in Libya were reviewed in order to illustrate the major problems (challenges) facing these polices, specifically in connection with water demands. This approach underlain the national policies of Libya in the field of energy and water interrelation.

The nexus of water with energy, demonstrated in this work through the suggested policies viewed to integrate the two analysis, energy types for the sake of keeping resources sustainable in Libya.

KEYWORDS: Conventional, Energy, Non-conventional, Policies, Sustainable